## **DOCTOR DIGEST**

Special thanks to the team at Nanyang Primary School for creating this deck of slides.

## WHAT IS AR?

#### AUGMENTED REALITY (AR)

virtual objects overlaid on real-world environment

## 

The real world enhanced with digital objects



#### VIRTUAL REALITY (VR)

#### Fully artificial environment



environment



https://diui35v2plbz7.cloudfront.net/blogs/20210914194822.jpg

https://youtu.be/vz0UUVDt2ps



https://scx2.b-cdn.net/gfx/news/2017/pokemongounl.jpg

#### **Reminders for groupwork**

- 1. Be <u>considerate</u>. Work at Volume 1.
- 2. Be <u>cooperative</u>. Take turns to hold the ipad and write your answers.
- 3. Be <u>focused</u> to complete your task in the given time.
- 4. Be <u>proactive</u>. Raise your hand if you need help.

Take care of the ipad. Do not bend the paper codes.

#### WHEN YOU HAVE FINISHED ALL 4 MISSIONS,

Staple the supplementary worksheet to the back of your Activity Worksheet and submit to the front.

Index Number	Roles
Smallest	Collect and return ipads
Middle	Collect and return paper codes
Largest	Collect and return activity worksheets

# TRAINING Simulation

### LEARNING OBJECTIVE:

1. STATE THE ORGANS OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM IN THE SEQUENCE BY WHICH THE FOOD MOVES THROUGH

2. STATE THE FUNCTIONS OF EACH OF THE ORGANS

### DOCTOR DIGEST TRAINING SIMULATION

- 1. Search for the "Doctor Digest" app
- 2. Continue as a guest Log in details
- 3. Scan the simulation code using the <u>in-app scanner</u> (not camera)
- 4. Do not change any wifi settings



#### Scan a Module Card





## REVIEW: WHAT ARE THE TWO FUNCTIONS OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM?

In your groups, complete the question to obtain your iPad and the markers (paper codes).

- Do not bend the codes.
- You may work on the tables or on the floor.



PAPER CODES: TRAINING SIMULATION, SIX ORGANS

## DOCTOR DIGEST TRAINING SIMULATION

- 1. Search for the "Doctor Digest" app
- 2. Continue as a guest
- 3. Scan the simulation marker given using the in-app scanner (not camera)
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**Model Actual Size** Choose 1:4 (smallest)



Body should appear. Leave the Training Simulation paper code on the table throughout.

#### Mission 2 - Install Organs



Scan organ one at a time, according to how food will move through the digestive system.



Green tick will appear when connected correctly. Then remove the organ card before scanning the next one.

#### Mission 3 – Scan Organs

Read the function of each digestive organ and complete your activity sheet.



Place the green cross hairs at the organ, one by one. Click on 3D scan.



Change the model to 'Actual Size' to zoom in.



Use these to control the simulation.

- Run (slow/fast)
- Pause
- Reset



Change the model to 'Actual Size' to zoom in.

\*Circle as appropriate

#### Mission 4 - Run Simulation



#### EXIT THE ACTIVITY

1. Click activity on the top left hand corner. Click Exit.





#### 3. Return to 'Scan a Module'.

4. Press 'Home' button.

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## TRAINING

## SIMULATION

Consolidation

### LEARNING OBJECTIVE:

1. STATE THE ORGANS OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM IN THE SEQUENCE BY WHICH THE FOOD MOVES THROUGH

2. STATE THE FUNCTIONS OF EACH OF THE ORGANS

#### Missions

Scan Data

#### Mouth

We use our teeth for chewing food. In the mouth, our teeth break food up into smaller pieces when we chew, which increases the surface area of food to speed up digestion. Information

Digestive juices released in the mouth (found in our saliva) help to break down food into simpler substances.

#### Digestion starts here!

<u>Teeth</u> (not mouth) help to break food up into <mark>small<u>er</u> pieces</mark>.

- Smaller compared to before
- Increases surface area in contact with digestive juices

Digestive juices, which can be found in saliva) help to break food down into <u>simpler</u> substances.

Saliva also helps to <u>soften</u> the food to make food easier to swallow.

Missions

Scan Data

Informatior

**Traini**ng S

#### Gullet

The gullet connects the mouth to the stomach. It uses muscles to push the chewed food into the stomach.

Partially digested food moves from the <mark>mouth</mark> to the <mark>stomach</mark>.

mulation

Little to no digestion takes place here as the gullet does not produce digestive juice.

3D

SCAN

#### Stomach

Missions

The stomach releases digestive juices to break down food. Food is stored for a few hours in the stomach.

lation

Scan Data

The partly digested food becomes a liquid-like substance before it is released into the small intestine.

Further digestion takes place here as the stomach releases digestive juices which mix with the partially digested food.

3D

**SCAN** 

Missions

Scan Data

#### **Small Intestine**

Most of the digestion takes place and is completed here.

Digested food is absorbed through the lining of the small intestine and enters the blood. Blood transports the digested food and other absorbed nutrients to all parts of the body.

The rest of the undigested food in the small intestine will enter the large intestine.

Digestion of food is <mark>completed</mark> here.

The digested food passes through the walls of the small intestine into the bloodstream.

The digested food is then transported to all other parts of the body by the <mark>blood</mark>. MISSIONS

nformation

#### Large Intestine

No digestion takes place in the large intestine.

In the large intestine, water and mineral salts are absorbed from the undigested food. They pass through the wall of the large intestine and enter the blood.

Undigested food will move into the rectum and be stored there as waste before being passed out through the anus.

Water is removed from the undigested food.

The undigested food then goes into the large intestine which is then passed out from the body as waste through the anus

SCAN

## EVERY ORGAN PLAYS A PART EACH HAS ITS OWN FUNCTION!



**DIGESTION IS THE PROCESS WHERE** 

## (1)FOOD IS <u>BROKEN DOWN INTO SIMPLER</u> <u>SUBSTANCES</u>

## (1) FOR <u>ABSORPTION</u> INTO THE BODY

IF ALL THE ORGANS WORK PROPERLY, CAN THEY COMPLETE DIGESTION ON THEIR OWN?

#### We studied these five organs: 1. Mouth 2. Gullet 3. Stomach 4. Small Intestine 5. Large Intestine

EACH HAS THEIR OWN FUNCTION (ROLE) BUT THEY MUST WORK TOGETHER FOR DIGESTION TO TAKE PLACE PROPERLY.

## MOUTH



% Undigested food leaving mouth = 98%

## GULLET



% Undigested food leaving gullet = 97%

## STOMACH



## STOMACH





% Undigested food leaving stomach = 50% to 62%

## SMALL INTESTINE





% Undigested food leaving small intestine = 15% to 17%

## LARGE INTESTINE



What happened to the amount of mineral salts and water?



% Undigested food leaving small intestine = 15%



Use these to control the simulation.

- Run (slow/fast)
- Pause
- Reset

You must view the entire simulation from start to finish to "complete" the mission!



Change the model to 'Actual Size' to zoom in.

#### Mission 4 - Run Simulation





- To scan data, click 'Pause', then click '3D Scan'.
- To view the bar graph, change the tab from 'Missions' to 'Scan Data'.

1. Compare and record the size of food when it leaves the mouth

	Size of Food	
In the mouth (whole food)	small / medium (large	
Leaves the mouth	small / medium / large *	*Circle as appropriate

#### EXIT THE ACTIVITY

1. Click activity on the top left hand corner. Click Exit.





#### 3. Return to 'Scan a Module'.

4. Press 'Home' button.

#### MODULE - WHAT HAPPENS?

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: TO INFER AND STATE WHAT HAPPENS IF ONE PART OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM IS NOT WORKING WELL.

### MODULE - WHAT HAPPENS?



#### PAPER CODE: WHAT HAPPENS?

#### What happens if ...?

#### Question 1

What do you think will happen to the digestive system if the small intestine is too short?



Enter your answer (at least 25 letters)...

Type in your answer with at least 23 letters

#### Question 2

What will happen to a person's digestion if they have many missing teeth?



Enter your answer (at least 25 letters)	
Subm	it
<< Previous Question	Next Question >>

After submission, move on to the next question.





Use these to control the simulation.

- Run (slow/fast)
- Pause
- Reset

Place the green cross hairs at the organ where you want to obtain data. Click 3D Scan. Wait for scan to reach 100%.

#### **REMINDERS FOR GROUPWORK**

1. Be <u>considerate</u>. Work at Volume 1.

2. Be <u>cooperative</u>. Take turns to hold the ipad and

write your answers.

Answer all 4 questions in 15 mins

- 3. Be <u>focused</u> to complete your task in the given time.
- 4. Be <u>proactive</u>. Raise your hand if you need help.

Take care of the ipad. Do not bend the paper codes.

#### EXIT THE ACTIVITY

1. Click activity on the top left hand corner. Click Exit.





#### 3. Return to 'Scan a Module'.

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#### WHEN YOU HAVE FINISHED ALL 4 MISSIONS,

Staple the supplementary worksheet to the back of your Activity Worksheet and submit to the front.

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## CASE FILES

#### **DIGESTION IS THE PROCESS WHEREBY**

## FOOD IS BROKEN DOWN INTO SIMPLE(R) SUBSTANCES

#### FOR <u>ABSORPTION</u> INTO THE BODY

## IF EACH ORGAN WORKS PROPERLY, CAN IT COMPLETEDIGESTION ON ITS OWN?No

#### EVERY ORGAN HAS A IN THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.



into simple(r) substances.

#### ALL THE ORGANS MUST <u>WORK TOGETHER</u> FOR DIGESTION TO TAKE PLACE PROPERLY.

## MODULE – WHAT HAPPENS? LEARNING OBJECTIVE: PLAY THE ROLE OF A DOCTOR AND APPLY YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM TO SIMULATED\* CASES OF PATIENTS \*create a situation/ model

that is like one in real-life

SKILLS INVOLVED:

- MAKE OBSERVATIONS DURING THE SIMULATION
- COMPARE DIFFERENT SETS OF DATA
- DRAW CONCLUSION ABOUT PROBLEMATIC ORGAN
- SUGGEST A METHOD OF TREATMENT

## MODULE - CASE FILES





Status: The scan of Mr. Ong's digestive system is complete.

Doctor, please view the simulation and find out what's wrong. After that, fill out the Report.

To Simulatic



Information

#### Read the Case File



#### PAPER CODE: CASE FILES

## CASE FILES



Use these to control the simulation.

- Run (slow/fast)
- Pause
- Reset



Place the qreen cross hairs at the organ where you want to obtain data. Click 3D Scan. Wait for scan to reach 100%.

Take down the data in the Page 2 of the supplementary worksheet for comparison.

## CASE FILES





You will also need to describe what you see in the simulation in at least 23 letters.



#### **REMINDERS FOR GROUPWORK**

- 1. Be <u>considerate</u>. Work at Volume 1.
- 2. Be <u>cooperative</u>. Take turns to hold the ipad and

write your answers.

Submit all 3 Doctor's Reports in 15 mins

- 3. Be <u>focused</u> to complete your task in the given time.
- 4. Be <u>proactive</u>. Raise your hand if you need help.

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#### WHEN YOU HAVE FINISHED ALL 4 MISSIONS,

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## CASE FILES

Consolidation

### CASE FILE #1 - CHOKING ON FOOD

## Organ affected: Mouth

Problem: Does not have enough teeth





#### Case File #1

Symptoms: Choking on Food

Compare and record the size of food before and when it leaves the mouth.

em "wissions" to Scan Da	Size of Food	
In the mouth (whole food)	small / medium / large	
Leaves the mouth	small / medium (large *	

## CASE FILE #1 - CHOKING ON FOOD

## Organ affected: Mouth

Problem: Does not have enough teeth

- Not able to chew food properly into smaller pieces due to missing + damaged teeth
- Food pieces are too large
- Food got stuck in the gullet

Solution: Needs a set of false teeth



### CASE FILE #2 - WATERY FAECES

Organ affected: Large Intestine Problem: Not absorbing enough water



#### CASE FILE #2 - WATERY FAECES

#### Case File #2

Symptoms: Watery Faeces

Compare and record the amount of water when it enters and leaves the large intestine.

	Amount of water in Food (%)
Entering the large intestine	98 - 100
Leaving the large intestine	65 - 67

## CASE FILE #2 - WATERY FAECES

Organ affected: Large Intestine

Problem: Not absorbing enough water

- Amount of water leaving the large intestine was more than normal (data: 100% vs 67%)
- Too little water was absorbed (inference)

Solution: Take medicine to slow down the speed food moves through the large intestine

More time for absorption of water

#### CASE FILE #3 - STOMACH PAIN

Organ affected: Stomach

Problem: Making too much digestive juice

#### CASE FILE #3 – STOMACH PAIN

#### Case File #3

Symptoms: Stomach Pain

Observe what happens when food is in the stomach.

What do you observe in the stomach? a lot of bubbles

What happens to the appearance of the stomach? became red and swollen

#### Case File #3 – Stomach Pain

Organ affected: Stomach

Problem: Making too much digestive juice

- Too much digestive juice produced
- Stomach becomes red and inflamed / swollen

Solution: Take medicine to reduce the amount of acid produced (in digestive juice)

Having too much digestive juice  $\rightarrow$  too much acid  $\rightarrow$  stomach gets inflamed as acid breaks down the stomach lining